2019 Quarterly Report Third Quarter



For the Quarter Ended September 30, 2019

REPORT OF MANAGEMENT

The undersigned certify that we have reviewed this report, that it has been prepared in accordance with all applicable statutory or regulatory requirements, and that the information contained herein is true, accurate and complete to the best of our knowledge and belief.

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Derrell Chapman, CPA, Chief Executive Officer *November 6*, 2019

Terry Milligan, Chairman, Board of Directors *November 6*, 2019

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Daryl D. Belt, Chief Financial Officer

November 6, 2019

John Shinn, CPA. Chairman, Audit Committee *November 6, 2019*

LEGACY AG CREDIT, ACA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following commentary reviews the financial performance of the Legacy Ag Credit, ACA (Agricultural Credit Association), referred to as the association, for the quarter ended September 30, 2019. These comments should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements and the December 31, 2018 Annual Report to Stockholders.

The association is a member of the Farm Credit System (System), a nationwide network of cooperatively owned financial institutions established by and subject to the provisions of the Farm Credit Act of 1971, as amended, and the regulations of the Farm Credit Administration (FCA) promulgated thereunder.

The consolidated financial statements comprise the operations of the ACA and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. The consolidated financial statements were prepared under the oversight of the association's audit committee.

Significant Events:

In February 2019, the board of directors approved a patronage payment of \$2,300,000 related to 2018 earnings which was paid in April 2019.

Loan Portfolio:

Total loans outstanding at September 30, 2019, including nonaccrual loans, were \$277,462,904 compared to \$263,318,709 at December 31, 2018, reflecting an increase of 5.3 percent. Nonaccrual loans as a percentage of total loans outstanding were 0.62 percent at September 30, 2019, compared to 0.52 percent at December 31, 2018.

The association recorded \$68,753 in recoveries and \$0 in charge-offs for the quarter ended September 30, 2019, and \$10,280 in recoveries and \$0 in charge-offs for the same period in 2018. The association's allowance for loan losses was 0.46 percent and 0.50 percent of total loans outstanding as of September 30, 2019, and December 31, 2018, respectively.

Risk Exposure:

High-risk assets include nonaccrual loans, loans that are past due 90 days or more and still accruing interest, formally restructured loans and other property owned. The following table illustrates the association's components and trends of high-risk assets.

	 September 30, 2019			December 31, 2018			
	Amount %		% Amount				
Nonaccrual	\$ 1,721,145	37.9%	\$	1,376,052	31.8%		
Formally restructured	2,820,690	62.1%		2,899,964	67.1%		
Other property owned, net	 	0.0%		49,290	1.1%		
Total	\$ 4,541,835	100.0%	\$	4,325,306	100.0%		

Results of Operations:

The association had net income of \$996,334 and \$2,918,537 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, as compared to net income of \$1,029,352 and \$3,072,323 for the same period in 2018, reflecting a decrease of 3.2 and 5.0 percent. Net interest income was \$2,132,226 and \$6,023,852 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, compared to \$2,018,987 and \$5,872,867 for the same period in 2018.

Nine Months Ended

	September 30, 2019			September 30, 2018				
		Average			Average			
		Balance		Interest		Balance		Interest
Loans	\$	269,195,457	\$	11,035,567	\$	254,319,437	\$	10,016,517
Interest-bearing liabilities		214,761,930		5,011,715		200,328,253		4,143,650
Impact of capital	\$	54,433,527			\$	53,991,184		_
Net interest income			\$	6,023,852			\$	5,872,867
		201	9			2018	3	
		Average	Yie	eld		Average	Yiel	d
Yield on loans		5.489	%			5.27%	ó	
Cost of interest-bearing liabilities		3.12	%			2.77%	ó	
Interest rate spread		2.369	%			2.50%	ó	
Net interest income as a percentage of average								
earning assets		2.999	%			3.09%	ó	

Nine months ended: September 30, 2019 vs. September 30, 2018

	Increase (decrease) due to							
		Volume Rate				Total		
Interest income - loans	\$	585,896	\$	433,154	\$	1,019,050		
Interest expense		298,552		569,513		868,065		
Net interest income	\$	287,344	\$	(136,359)	\$	150,985		

Interest income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, increased by \$377,559 and \$1,019,050, or 10.7 and 10.2 percent respectively, from the same period of 2018, primarily due to increases in yields on earning assets and an increase in average loan volume. Interest expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, increased by \$264,320 and \$868,065, or 17.7 and 21.0 percent, from the same period of 2018 due to an increase in interest rates as well as an increase in average debt volume. Average loan volume for the third quarter of 2019 was \$276,501,439, compared to \$260,001,346 in the third quarter of 2018. The average net interest rate spread on the loan portfolio for the third quarter of 2019 was 2.45 percent, compared to 2.50 percent in the third quarter of 2018.

The association's return on average assets for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, was 1.42 percent compared to 1.57 percent for the same period in 2018. The association's return on average equity for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, was 6.61 percent, compared to 7.07 percent for the same period in 2018.

Liquidity and Funding Sources:

The association secures the majority of its lendable funds from the Farm Credit Bank of Texas (the bank), which obtains its funds through the issuance of System-wide obligations and with lendable equity. The following schedule summarizes the association's borrowings.

	5	September 30,	December 31,		
		2019		2018	
Note payable to the bank	\$	223,638,335	\$	207,561,145	
Accrued interest on note payable		567,998		541,350	
Total	\$	224,206,333	\$	208,102,495	

The association operates under a general financing agreement (GFA) with the bank. The current GFA is effective through September 30, 2020. The primary source of liquidity and funding for the association is a direct loan from the bank. The outstanding balance of \$223,638,335 as of September 30, 2019, is recorded as a liability on the association's balance sheet. The note carried a weighted

average interest rate of 3.12 percent at September 30, 2019. The indebtedness is collateralized by a pledge of substantially all of the association's assets to the bank and is governed by the general financing agreement. The increase in note payable to the bank and related accrued interest payable since December 31, 2018, is due to the association's increase in loan volume as well as an increase in costs related to construction of two branch offices. The association's own funds, which represent the amount of the association's loan portfolio funded by the association's equity, were \$52,842,108 at September 30, 2019. The maximum amount the association may borrow from the bank as of September 30, 2019, was \$267,564,559 as defined by the general financing agreement. The indebtedness continues in effect until the expiration date of the general financing agreement, unless sooner terminated by the bank upon the occurrence of an event of default, or by the association, in the event of a breach of this agreement by the bank, upon giving the bank 30 calendar days' prior written notice, or in all other circumstances, upon giving the bank 120 days' prior written notice.

The liquidity policy of the association is to manage cash balances, to maximize debt reduction and to increase accrual loan volume. This policy will continue to be pursued in the future. As borrower payments are received, they are applied to the association's note payable to the bank.

Capital Resources:

The association's capital position increased by \$612,693 at September 30, 2019, compared to December 31, 2018. The association's debt as a percentage of members' equity was 3.76:1 as of September 30, 2019, compared to 3.53:1 as of December 31, 2018.

Farm Credit Administration regulations require us to maintain minimums for various regulatory capital ratios. New regulations became effective January 1, 2017, which replaced the previously required core surplus and total surplus ratios with common equity tier 1, tier 1 capital, and total capital risk-based capital ratios. The new regulations also added tier 1 leverage and unallocated retained earnings and equivalents (UREE) ratios. The permanent capital ratio continues to remain in effect, with some modifications to align with the new regulations. As of September 30, 2019, the association exceeded all regulatory capital requirements.

Relationship With the Farm Credit Bank of Texas:

The association's financial condition may be impacted by factors that affect the bank. The financial condition and results of operations of the bank may materially affect the stockholder's investment in the association. The Management's Discussion and Analysis and Notes to Financial Statements contained in the 2018 Annual Report of Legacy Ag Credit, ACA more fully describe the association's relationship with the bank.

The annual and quarterly stockholder reports of the bank are available free of charge, upon request. These reports can be obtained by writing to Farm Credit Bank of Texas, Corporate Communications, P.O. Box 202590, Austin, Texas 78720, or by calling (512) 483-9204. The annual and quarterly stockholder reports for the bank are also available on its website at *www.farmcreditbank.com*.

The association's quarterly stockholder reports are also available free of charge, upon request. These reports can be obtained by writing to Legacy Ag Credit, ACA, 303 Connally St., Sulphur Springs, TX 75482 or calling (903) 885-9566. The annual and quarterly stockholder reports for the association are also available on its website at www.legacyaca.com. Copies of the association's quarterly stockholder reports can also be requested by e-mailing sherry.sturgis@legacyaca.com.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

	S	September 30,			
		2019	Ι	December 31,	
		(unaudited)	2018		
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Cash	\$	134,616	\$	126,946	
Loans		277,462,904		263,318,709	
Less: allowance for loan losses		1,283,723		1,312,470	
Net loans		276,179,181		262,006,239	
Accrued interest receivable		1,980,816		1,284,169	
Investment in and receivable from the Farm					
Credit Bank of Texas:					
Capital stock		4,029,425		4,029,425	
Other		1,044,929		412,621	
Other property owned, net		-		49,290	
Premises and equipment, net		1,709,630		752,579	
Other assets		188,616		160,833	
Total assets	\$	285,267,213	\$	268,822,102	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Note payable to the Farm Credit Bank of Texas	\$	223,638,335	\$	207,561,145	
Advance conditional payments		1,420		10,007	
Accrued interest payable		568,366		546,755	
Drafts outstanding		60,006		47,964	
Other liabilities		1,069,868		1,339,706	
Total liabilities		225,337,995		209,505,577	
MEMBERS' EQUITY					
Capital stock and participation certificates		1,071,630		1,074,840	
Unallocated retained earnings		58,801,440		58,182,546	
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		56,148		59,139	
Total members' equity		59,929,218		59,316,525	
Total liabilities and members' equity	\$	285,267,213	\$	268,822,102	
Total habilities and highlibets equity	Ψ	203,207,213	Ψ	200,022,102	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(unaudited)

	Quarter Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,				
		2019	mer 30,	2018		2019	iber 30	2018
INTEREST INCOME		2019	-	2016		2019		2016
Loans	\$	3,892,273	\$	3,514,714	\$	11,035,567	\$	10,016,517
INTEREST EXPENSE Note payable to the Farm Credit Bank of Texas		1,760,047		1,495,727		5,011,669		4,143,649
Advance conditional payments		1,700,047		1,493,727		3,011,009		4,143,047
Total interest expense		1,760,047	•	1,495,727		5,011,715		4,143,650
Net interest income		2,132,226		2,018,987		6,023,852		5,872,867
PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES		24,853		7,986		(32,347)		(130,853)
Net interest income after								
provision for loan losses		2,107,373		2,011,001		6,056,199		6,003,720
NONINTEREST INCOME								
Income from the Farm Credit Bank of Texas:								
Patronage income		270,743		262,663		785,171		723,842
Loan fees		54,217		32,844		101,159		84,956
Refunds from Farm Credit System						46.062		127.710
Insurance Corporation		-		-		46,063		135,518
Financially related services income		9		39		212		291
Gain (loss) on other property owned, net		- (530		36,028		8,724		36,028
Gain (loss) on sale of premises and equipment, net Other noninterest income		6,530		(17.249)		16,665		33,164
Other noninterest income		(18,172)	•	(17,348)		57,987	-	44,016
Total noninterest income		313,327		314,226		1,015,981		1,057,815
NONINTEREST EXPENSES								
Salaries and employee benefits		922,651		834,855		2,624,785		2,491,844
Directors' expense		45,906		40,614		167,087		157,605
Purchased services		80,413		120,679		318,784		321,046
Travel		84,607		67,929		230,190		179,022
Occupancy and equipment		61,173		51,187		191,054		165,936
Communications		31,053		21,629		67,191		96,566
Advertising		28,263		30,363		83,317		67,531
Public and member relations		53,808		27,127		112,210		71,978
Supervisory and exam expense		27,346		30,120		87,585		84,729
Insurance Fund premiums		38,981		37,133		114,457		108,365
Loss on other property owned Provision for other property owned		-		6,536		1,633		14,821
Other components of net periodic postretirement		-		(10,906)		-		72,217
benefit cost		1,735		869		5,205		2,605
Other noninterest expense		48,430		37,740		150,145		2,003 154,947
Total noninterest expenses		1,424,366		1,295,875		4,153,643		3,989,212
NET INCOME		996,334		1,029,352	-	2,918,537	-	3,072,323
		<i>,</i>		. ,		, ,		. ,
Other comprehensive income: Change in postretirement benefit plans		(997)		(1,692)		(2,991)		(5,076)
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$	995,337	\$	1,027,660	\$	2,915,546	\$	3,067,247

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBERS' EQUITY

(unaudited)

					Acc	cumulated			
	Ca	pital Stock/				Other		Total	
	Participation		Ret	ained Earnings	Com	prehensive	Members'		
	<u>C</u>	ertificates		Unallocated	_	me (Loss)		Equity	
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	1,106,505	\$	54,313,434	\$	38,931	\$	55,458,870	
Comprehensive income		-		3,072,323		(5,076)		3,067,247	
Capital stock/participation certificates and allocated retained earnings issued		87,235		-		-		87,235	
Capital stock/participation certificates and allocated retained earnings retired		(124,015)		-		-		(124,015)	
Patronage paid				(21)				(21)	
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$	1,069,725	\$	57,385,736	\$	33,855	\$	58,489,316	
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	1,074,840	\$	58,182,546	\$	59,139	\$	59,316,525	
Comprehensive income Capital stock/participation certificates		-		2,918,537		(2,991)		2,915,546	
and allocated retained earnings issued		105,875		-		-		105,875	
Capital stock/participation certificates and allocated retained earnings retired		(109,085)		-		-		(109,085)	
Cash				(2,299,643)				(2,299,643)	
Balance at September 30, 2019	\$	1,071,630	\$	58,801,440	\$	56,148	\$	59,929,218	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined financial statements.

LEGACY AG CREDIT, ACA NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1 — ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The Legacy Ag Credit, ACA (Agricultural Credit Association), referred to as the association, is a member-owned cooperative that provides credit and credit-related services to or for the benefit of eligible borrowers/stockholders for qualified agricultural purposes. The association serves the counties of Franklin, Gregg, Harrison, Hopkins, Kaufman, Marion, Rains, Upshur, Van Zandt and Wood in the state of Texas. The association is a lending institution of the Farm Credit System (the System), which was established by Acts of Congress to meet the needs of American agriculture.

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. (GAAP) for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the disclosures required by GAAP for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, as contained in the 2018 Annual Report to Stockholders.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the interim financial condition and results of operations and conform with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), except for the inclusion of a statement of cash flows. GAAP require a business enterprise that provides a set of financial statements reporting both financial position and results of operations to also provide a statement of cash flows for each period for which results of operations are provided. In regulations issued by FCA, associations have the option to exclude statements of cash flows in interim financial statements. Therefore, the association has elected not to include a statement of cash flows in these consolidated financial statements. These interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, as contained in the 2018 Annual Report to Stockholders. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2018. Descriptions of the significant accounting policies are included in the 2018 Annual Report to Stockholders. In the opinion of management, these policies and the presentation of the interim financial condition and results of operations conform with GAAP and prevailing practices within the banking industry.

In August 2018, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued guidance entitled "Customer's Accounting for Implementation Costs Incurred in a Cloud Computing Arrangement That Is a Service Cost." The guidance aligns the requirements for capitalizing implementation costs incurred in a hosting arrangement that is a service contract with the requirements for capitalizing implementation costs incurred to develop or obtain internal-use software (and hosting arrangements that include an internal-use software license). The accounting for the service element of a hosting arrangement that is a service contract is not affected by this guidance. This guidance becomes effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The guidance also requires an entity (customer) to expense the capitalized implementation costs of a hosting arrangement that is a service contract over the term of the hosting arrangement. It further specifies where to present expense and payments in the financial statements. Early adoption is permitted. The guidance is to be applied on a retrospective or prospective basis to all implementation costs incurred after the date of adoption. The Association is evaluating the impact of adoption on the Association's financial condition and its results of operations.

In August 2018, the FASB issued guidance entitled "Disclosure Framework — Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Defined Benefit Plans." The guidance modifies the disclosure requirements for employers that sponsor defined benefit pension or other postretirement plans. This guidance becomes effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2020. Early adoption is permitted. The guidance is to be applied on a retrospective basis for all periods. The adoption of this guidance will not impact the Association's financial condition or its results of operations, but will impact the employee benefit plan disclosures.

In August 2018, the FASB issued guidance entitled "Disclosure Framework — Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement." The guidance modifies the requirements on fair value measurements by removing, modifying or adding to the disclosures. This guidance becomes effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted and an entity is permitted to early adopt any removal or modified disclosures and delay adoption of the additional disclosures until their effective date. The adoption of this guidance will not impact the Association's financial condition or its results of operations, but will impact the fair value measurements disclosures.

In June 2016, the FASB issued guidance entitled "Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments." The guidance replaces the current incurred loss impairment methodology with a methodology that reflects expected credit losses and requires consideration of a broader range of reasonable and supportable information to inform credit loss estimates. Credit losses relating to available-forsale securities would also be recorded through an allowance for credit losses. For public business entities that are not U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission filers this guidance becomes effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2020,

with early application permitted. The Association is evaluating the impact of adoption on its financial condition and results of operations.

In February 2016, the FASB issued guidance entitled "Leases." The guidance requires the recognition by lessees of lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet for the rights and obligations created by those leases. Leases with lease terms of more than 12 months are impacted by this guidance. The guidance and related amendments in this update became effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, with early application permitted. The adoption of this guidance did not materially impact the Association's financial condition and results of operations but did impact lease disclosures. The Association adopted this guidance on January 1, 2019 and upon adoption, there was no adjustment to the balance sheet.

The consolidated financial statements comprise the operations of the ACA and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires the use of management's estimates. The results for the quarter ended September 30, 2019, are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year ended December 31, 2018. Certain amounts in the prior period's financial statements have been reclassified to conform to current financial statement presentation.

NOTE 2 — LOANS AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES:

A summary of loans follows:

	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Loan Type	Amount	Amount
Production agriculture:		
Real estate mortgage	\$ 225,733,671	\$ 217,039,403
Production and		
intermediate term	12,645,397	12,678,345
Agribusiness:		
Loans to cooperatives	2,276,248	1,935,072
Processing and marketing	19,696,012	18,082,298
Farm-related business	376,979	703,844
Communication	7,089,923	2,885,865
Energy	4,066,950	4,102,815
Water and waste water	1,995,877	1,995,244
Rural residential real estate	3,581,847	3,895,823
Total	\$ 277,462,904	\$ 263,318,709

The association purchases or sells participation interests with other parties in order to diversify risk, manage loan volume and comply with Farm Credit Administration regulations. The following table presents information regarding the balances of participations purchased and sold at September 30, 2019:

	Other Farm Credit Institutions		Non-Farm Credit Institutions				Total			
	Participations	Part	Participations		ipations	Partic	ipations	Participations	Participations	
	Purchased	Sold		Purchased Sold		old	Purchased	Sold		
Real estate mortgage	\$ -	\$	382,956	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	382,956
Production and intermediate term	6,797,081		-		-		-	6,797,081		-
Agribusiness	22,349,239		-		-		-	22,349,239		-
Communication	7,089,923		-		-		-	7,089,923		-
Energy	4,066,950		-		-		-	4,066,950		-
Water and waste water	1,995,877		-		-		-	1,995,877		-
Rural residential real estate	-		-		-		-	-		-
Agricultural export finance	-		-		-		-	-		-
Lease receivables	-		-		-		-	-		-
Mission-related investments			_							
Total	\$ 42,299,070	\$	382,956	\$		\$		\$ 42,299,070	\$	382,956

Nonperforming assets (including related accrued interest) and related credit quality statistics are as follows:

	Se	ptember 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Nonaccrual loans:			
Real estate mortgage	\$	1,252,072	\$ 1,146,265
Production and intermediate term		469,073	229,787
Total nonaccrual loans	•	1,721,145	1,376,052
Accruing restructured loans:			
Real estate mortgage		2,820,690	2,899,964
Total accruing restructured loans	•	2,820,690	2,899,964
Total nonperforming loans		4,541,835	4,276,016
Other property owned		-	49,290
Total nonperforming assets	\$	4,541,835	\$ 4,325,306

One credit quality indicator utilized by the association is the Farm Credit Administration Uniform Loan Classification System that categorizes loans into five categories. The categories are defined as follows:

- Acceptable assets are expected to be fully collectible and represent the highest quality;
- Other assets especially mentioned (OAEM) assets are currently collectible but exhibit some potential weakness;
- Substandard assets exhibit some serious weakness in repayment capacity, equity and/or collateral pledged on the loan;
- Doubtful assets exhibit similar weaknesses to substandard assets; however, doubtful assets have additional weaknesses in existing factors, conditions and values that make collection in full highly questionable; and
- Loss assets are considered uncollectible.

The following table shows loans and related accrued interest as a percentage of total loans and related accrued interest receivable by loan type as of:

	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Real estate mortgage		
Acceptable	96.2 %	97.8 %
OAEM	3.0	1.3
Substandard/doubtful	0.8	0.9
	100.0	100.0
Production and intermediate term		
Acceptable	93.0	95.5
OAEM	3.3	2.7
Substandard/doubtful	3.7	1.8
	100.0	100.0
Loans to cooperatives		
Acceptable	100.0	100.0
OAEM	-	-
Substandard/doubtful		<u> </u>
	100.0	100.0
Processing and marketing		
Acceptable	93.4	100.0
OAEM	6.6	-
Substandard/doubtful		=
	100.0	100.0
Farm-related business		
Acceptable	100.0	100.0
OAEM	-	-
Substandard/doubtful		<u>-</u>
	100.0	100.0
Communication		
Acceptable	100.0	100.0
OAEM	-	-
Substandard/doubtful		-
	100.0	100.0
Energy		
Acceptable	100.0	100.0
OAEM	-	-
Substandard/doubtful		-
	100.0	100.0
Water and waste water		
Acceptable	100.0	100.0
OAEM	-	-
Substandard/doubtful		<u> </u>
	100.0	100.0
Rural residential real estate		
Acceptable	99.5	99.5
OAEM	0.5	0.5
Substandard/doubtful		<u> </u>
	100.0	100.0
Total loans		
Acceptable	96.1	98.0
OAEM	3.1	1.2
Substandard/doubtful	0.8	0.8
		100.0 %

The following tables provide an age analysis of past due loans (including accrued interest) as of:

September 30, 2019	30-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total Past Due	Not Past Due or Less Than 30 Days Past Due	Total Loans	Recorded Investment >90 Days and Accruing
Real estate mortgage	\$ 21,744	\$ 706,717	\$ 728,461	\$ 226,619,605	\$ 227,348,066	\$ -
Production and intermediate term	4,355	464,717	469,072	12,452,924	12,921,996	-
Loans to cooperatives	-	-	-	2,284,834	2,284,834	-
Processing and marketing	-	-	-	19,735,841	19,735,841	-
Farm-related business	-	-	-	377,783	377,783	-
Communication	-	-	-	7,096,483	7,096,483	-
Energy	-	-	-	4,078,084	4,078,084	-
Water and waste water	-	-	-	2,006,099	2,006,099	-
Rural residential real estate	18,238		18,238	3,576,296	3,594,534	
Total	\$ 44,337	\$1,171,434	\$1,215,771	\$ 278,227,949	\$ 279,443,720	\$ -
December 31, 2018		90 Days or More	Total Past	Not Past Due or Less Than 30	Total	Recorded Investment
	Past Due	Past Due	Due	Days Past Due	Loans	>90 Days and Accruing
Real estate mortgage	\$ 1,132,372	\$ -	\$ 1,132,372	\$ 216,979,649	\$ 218,112,021	\$ -
Production and intermediate term	222,595	-	222,595	12,596,315	12,818,910	-
Loans to cooperatives	-	-	-	1,941,592	1,941,592	-
Processing and marketing	-	-	-	18,095,013	18,095,013	-
Farm-related business	-	-	-	705,252	705,252	-
Communication	-	-	-	2,885,997	2,885,997	-
Energy	56,913	-	56,913	4,058,004	4,114,917	-
Water and waste water	-	-	-	2,025,466	2,025,466	-
Rural residential real estate	-	-	-	3,903,710	3,903,710	-
Total	\$ 1,411,880	\$ -	\$ 1,411,880	\$ 263,190,998	\$ 264,602,878	\$ -

Note: The recorded investment in the receivable is the face amount increased or decreased by applicable accrued interest and unamortized premium, discount, finance charges or acquisition costs, and may also reflect a previous direct write-down of the investment.

A restructuring of a debt constitutes a troubled debt restructuring if the creditor for economic or legal reasons related to the debtor's financial difficulties grants a concession to the debtor that it would not otherwise consider. Troubled debt restructurings are undertaken in order to improve the likelihood of recovery on the loan and may include, but are not limited to, forgiveness of principal or interest, interest rate reductions that are lower than the current market rate for new debt with similar risk, or significant term or payment extensions.

As of September 30, 2019, the total recorded investment of troubled debt restructured loans was \$2,820,690, including \$0 classified as nonaccrual and \$2,820,690 classified as accrual, with specific allowance for loan losses of \$0. The specific allowance is determined quarterly through a net realizable value analysis for each individual loan asset. As of September 30, 2019, there were no commitments to lend funds to borrowers whose loan terms have been modified in a troubled debt restructuring.

There were no troubled debt restructurings, which includes both accrual and nonaccrual loans with troubled debt restructuring designation, that occurred during the three months ended September 30, 2019. Loans formally restructured prior to January 1, 2018, were \$2,820,690.

In restructurings where principal is forgiven, the amount of the forgiveness is immediately charged off. In restructurings where accrued interest is forgiven, the interest is reversed (if current year interest) or charged off (if prior year interest). There were no charge-offs recorded for the quarter ending September 30, 2019.

The predominant form of concession granted for troubled debt restructuring includes principal and interest reductions. Other types of modifications include extension of the term, principal or accrued interest reductions, interest rate decreases and delayed payments, among others. At times, these terms might be offset with incremental payments, collateral or new borrower guarantees, in which case we assess all of the modified terms to determine if the overall modification qualifies as a troubled debt restructuring.

There were no loans that met the accounting criteria as a troubled debt restructuring and that occurred within the previous 12 months and for which there was a subsequent payment default during the period. A payment default is defined as a payment that is 30 days past due after the date the loan was restructured.

The following table provides information on outstanding loans restructured in troubled debt restructurings at period end. These loans are included as impaired loans in the impaired loan table at:

	Loans Modif	Loans Modified as TDRs			accrual	Status*
	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018	September Dec		ember 31, 2018	
Real estate mortgage	\$ 2,820,690	\$ 3,041,055	\$	-	\$	141,091
Total	\$ 2,820,690	\$ 3,041,055	\$	-	\$	141,091

Additional impaired loan information is as follows:

	S	eptember 30, 2019		December 31, 2018					
		Unpaid			Unpaid				
	Recorded	Principal	Related	Recorded	Principal	Related			
	Investment	Balance ^a	Allowance	Investment	Balance ^a	Allowance			
Impaired loans with a related allowance for credit losses:									
Production and intermediate term	\$ 464,717	\$ 464,717	\$471,062	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Total	\$ 464,717	\$ 464,717	\$471,062	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Impaired loans with no related allowance for credit losses:									
Real estate mortgage	\$4,072,762	\$ 4,058,917	\$ -	\$ 4,046,230	\$4,051,035	\$ -			
Production and intermediate term	4,355	799,416		229,787	1,029,347				
Total	\$4,077,117	\$ 4,858,333	\$ -	\$ 4,276,017	\$5,080,382	\$ -			
Total impaired loans:									
Real estate mortgage	\$4,072,762	\$ 4,058,917	\$ -	\$ 4,046,230	\$4,051,035	\$ -			
Production and intermediate term	469,072	1,264,133	471,062	229,787	1,029,347				
Total	\$4,541,834	\$ 5,323,050	\$471,062	\$ 4,276,017	\$5,080,382	\$ -			

^a Unpaid principal balance represents the recorded principal balance of the loan.

	For the Three Months Ended				For the Nine Months Ended				
	Septembe	September 30, 2019 September 30, 2018		Septembe	r 30, 2019	September 30, 2018			
	Average	Interest	Average	Interest	Average	Interest	Average	Interest	
	Impaired	Income	Impaired	Income	Impaired	Income	Impaired	Income	
	Loans	Recognized	Loans	Recognized	Loans	Recognized	Loans	Recognized	
Impaired loans with a related									
allowance for credit losses:									
Production and intermediate term	\$ 420,478	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 334,999	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Total	\$ 420,478	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 334,999	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Impaired loans with no related		<u> </u>							
allowance for credit losses:									
Real estate mortgage	\$3,750,452	\$ 206,372	\$3,901,515	\$ 89,426	\$3,653,819	\$ 400,726	\$3,947,392	\$ 223,781	
Production and intermediate term	5,039	150	31,033	58,119	5,980	450	196,176	85,147	
Total	\$3,755,491	\$ 206,522	\$3,932,548	\$ 147,545	\$3,659,799	\$ 401,176	\$4,143,568	\$ 308,928	
Total impaired loans:			·				<u> </u>		
Real estate mortgage	\$3,750,452	\$ 206,372	\$3,901,515	\$ 89,426	\$3,653,819	\$ 400,726	\$3,947,392	\$ 223,781	
Production and intermediate term	425,517	150	31,033	58,119	340,979	450	196,176	85,147	
Total	\$4,175,969	\$ 206,522	\$3,932,548	\$ 147,545	\$3,994,798	\$ 401,176	\$4,143,568	\$ 308,928	

A summary of changes in the allowance for loan losses and period end recorded investment in loans is as follows:

	Real Estate Mortgage	Production and Intermediate Term	Agribusiness	Communications	Energy	Water/Waste Water	Rural Residential Real Estate	Total
Allowance for Credit Losses:								
Balance at June 30, 2019 Charge-offs	\$ 752,250 -	\$ 371,773 -	\$ 44,809 -	\$ 2,980	\$ 11,906 -	\$ 1,635 -	\$ 3,763	\$ 1,189,116 -
Recoveries	68,254	1,500	- 2 202	-	- (2)	-	- (29)	69,754
Provision for loan losses Balance at September 30, 2019	\$ 680,673	\$ 534,978	\$ 47,201	\$ 3,608	\$ 11,903	\$ 1,635	\$ 3,725	\$ 1,283,723
Balance at December 31, 2018 Charge-offs	\$ 1,203,155 (69,154)	\$ 62,480	\$ 29,152	\$ 2,112	\$ 9,826	\$ 1,764	\$ 3,981	\$ 1,312,470 (69,154)
Recoveries	68,254	4,500	-	-	-	-	-	72,754
Provision for loan losses	(521,582)	467,998	18,049	1,496	2,077	(129)	(256)	(32,347)
Balance at September 30, 2019	\$ 680,673	\$ 534,978	\$ 47,201	\$ 3,608	\$ 11,903	\$ 1,635	\$ 3,725	\$ 1,283,723
Ending Balance: Individually evaluated for impairment Collectively evaluated for impairment	\$ - 680,673 \$ 680,673	\$ 471,063 63,916 \$ 534,979	\$ - 47,201 \$ 47,201	\$ - 3,608 \$ 3,608	\$ - 11,902 \$ 11,902	\$ - 1,635 \$ 1,635	\$ - 3,725 \$ 3,725	\$ 471,063 <u>812,660</u> \$ 1,283,723
Balance at September 30, 2019	\$ 000,073	\$ 334,979	\$ 47,201	\$ 3,008	\$ 11,902	\$ 1,033	\$ 3,723	\$ 1,263,723
Balance at June 30, 2018 Charge-offs	\$ 1,174,090	\$ 72,222	\$ 34,845	\$ 4,099	\$ 36,702	\$ 1,766	\$ 3,592	\$ 1,327,316 -
Recoveries	-	10,280	-	-	-	-	-	10,280
Provision for loan losses	34,969	(22,265)	(2,698)	(1,114)	(1,158)	2	250	7,986
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$ 1,209,059	\$ 60,237	\$ 32,147	\$ 2,985	\$ 35,544	\$ 1,768	\$ 3,842	\$ 1,345,582
Balance at December 31, 2017 Charge-offs	\$ 1,140,115 -	\$ 70,405	\$ 37,872 -	\$ 3,938	\$ 44,078 -	\$ 2,253	\$ 3,970	\$ 1,302,631 -
Recoveries	-	173,804	-	-	-	-	-	173,804
Provision for loan losses	68,944	(183,972)	(5,725)	(953)	(8,534)	(485)	(128)	(130,853)
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$ 1,209,059	\$ 60,237	\$ 32,147	\$ 2,985	\$ 35,544	\$ 1,768	\$ 3,842	\$ 1,345,582
Ending Balance: Individually evaluated for impairment Collectively evaluated for impairment Balance at September 30, 2018	\$ - 1,209,059 \$ 1,209,059	\$ - 60,237 \$ 60,237	\$ - 32,147 \$ 32,147	\$ - 2,985 \$ 2,985	\$ - 35,544 \$ 35,544	\$ - 1,768 \$ 1,768	\$ - 3,842 \$ 3,842	\$ - 1,345,582 \$ 1,345,582
Decembed Investments	Real Estate Mortgage	Production and Intermediate Term	Agribusiness	Communications	<u>E</u> nergy	Water/Waste Water	Rural Residential Real Estate	Total
Recorded Investments in Loans Outstanding: Ending Balance at								
September 30, 2019 Individually evaluated for	\$ 227,348,066	\$ 12,921,996	\$ 22,398,458	\$ 7,096,483	\$ 4,078,084	\$2,006,099	\$ 3,594,534	\$ 279,443,720
impairment	\$ 4,072,762	\$ 469,073	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,541,835
Collectively evaluated for impairment	\$ 223,275,304	\$ 12,452,923	\$ 22,398,458	\$ 7,096,483	\$ 4,078,084	\$2,006,099	\$ 3,594,534	\$ 274,901,885
Ending Balance at September 30, 2018 Individually evaluated for	\$ 216,134,138	\$ 13,184,325	\$ 24,380,181	\$ 2,890,277	\$ 4,125,517	\$2,005,253	\$ 3,734,618	\$ 266,454,309
impairment	\$ 3,913,571	\$ 9,322	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,922,893
Collectively evaluated for impairment	\$ 212,220,567	\$ 13,175,003	\$ 24,380,181	\$ 2,890,277	\$ 4,125,517	\$2,005,253	\$ 3,734,618	\$ 262,531,416

NOTE 3 — CAPITAL:

The association's board of directors has established a Capital Adequacy Plan (Plan) that includes the capital targets that are necessary to achieve the institution's capital adequacy goals as well as the minimum permanent capital standards. The Plan monitors projected dividends, equity retirements and other actions that may decrease the association's permanent capital. In addition to factors that must be considered in meeting the minimum standards, the board of directors also monitors the following factors: capability of management; quality of operating policies, procedures and internal controls; quality and quantity of earnings; asset quality and the adequacy of the allowance for losses to absorb potential loss within the loan and lease portfolios; sufficiency of liquid funds; needs of an institution's customer base; and any other risk-oriented activities, such as funding and interest rate risk, potential obligations under joint and several liability, contingent and off-balance-sheet liabilities or other conditions warranting additional capital. At least quarterly, management reviews the association's goals and objectives with the board.

Regulatory Capitalization Requirements

	Regulatory	Conservation		As of		As of
Risk-adjusted:	Minimums	Buffer	Total Sept	ember 30, 201	9 Decemb	er 31, 2018
Common equity tier 1 ratio	4.50%	2.50%	7.00%	21.37%	21	.78%
Tier 1 capital ratio	6.00%	2.50%	8.50%	21.37%		1.78%
Total capital ratio	8.00%	2.50%	10.50%	21.86%		2.32%
Permanent capital ratio	7.00%	0.00%	7.00%	21.48%		1.90%
Non-risk-adjusted:						
Tier 1 leverage ratio	4.00%	1.00%	5.00%	19.68%	20).45%
UREE leverage ratio	1.50%	0.00%	1.50%	20.75%	21	.43%
(dollars in thousands) Numerator: Unallocated retained earnings Common Cooperative Equities: Statutory minimum purchased borrower sto Allocated equities:			Common equity tier 1 ratio 40,334,305 1,069,711	Tier 1 capital ratio 40,334,305 1,069,711	Total capital ratio 40,334,305 1,069,711	Permanent capital ratio 40,334,305 1,069,711
Nonqualified allocated equities not subject Allowance for loan losses and reserve for co		t to certain limitation	17,565,823	17,565,823	17,565,823 1,248,910	17,565,823
Regulatory Adjustments and Deductions:			(4.000.405)	(4.000.405)	(4.000.405)	(4.000.405)
Amount of allocated investments in other S	ystem institutions		(4,029,425) 54,940,414	(4,029,425) 54,940,414	(4,029,425) 56,189,324	(4,029,425) 54,940,414
Denominator:			34,540,414	34,940,414	30,109,324	34,940,414
Risk-adjusted assets excluding allowance			261,061,716	261,061,716	261,061,716	261,061,716
Regulatory Adjustments and Deductions:			201,001,710	201,001,710	201,001,710	201,001,710
Regulatory deductions included in total cap	ital		(4,029,425)	(4,029,425)	(4,029,425)	(4,029,425)
Allowance for loan losses						(1,248,910)
			257,032,291	257,032,291	257,032,291	255,783,381

	Tier 1	UREE
(dollars in thousands)	leverage ratio	leverage ratio
Numerator:		
Unallocated retained earnings	40,334,305	40,334,305
Common Cooperative Equities:		
Statutory minimum purchased borrower stock	1,069,712	-
Allocated equities:		
Nonqualified allocated equities not subject to retirement	17,565,823	17,565,823
Regulatory Adjustments and Deductions:		
Amount of allocated investments in other System institutions	(4,029,425)	-
	54,940,415	57,900,128
Denominator:		
Total Assets	284,690,171	284,690,171
Regulatory Adjustments and Deductions:		
Regulatory deductions included in tier 1 capital	(5,586,740)	(5,586,740)
•	279,103,431	279,103,431

An additional component of equity is accumulated other comprehensive income, which is reported net of taxes, is as follows:

Accum Other Comp Income (Loss) September 30, 2019	Ве	fore Tax	Defer	red Tax	No	et of Tax
Nonpension postretirement benefits	\$	56,148	\$	-	\$	56,148
September 30, 2018	Before Tax		Defe	red Tax	No	et of Tax
Nonpension postretirement benefits	\$	33,855	\$	-	\$	33,855

The association's accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) relates entirely to its nonpension other postretirement benefits. Amortization of prior service (credits) cost and of actuarial (gain) loss are reflected in "Salaries and employee benefits" in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income. The following table summarizes the changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) for the nine months ended September 30:

	2019	2018
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) at January 1	\$ 59,139	\$ 38,931
Amortization of prior service (credit) costs included		
in salaries and employee benefits	(1,174)	(4,609)
Amortization of actuarial (gain) loss included		
in salaries and employee benefits	(1,817)	(467)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	(2,991)	(5,076)
Accumulated other comprehensive income at September 30	\$ 56,148	\$ 33,855

NOTE 4 — INCOME TAXES:

Legacy Ag Credit, ACA conducts its business activities through two wholly-owned subsidiaries. Long-term mortgage lending activities are conducted through a wholly-owned FLCA subsidiary which is exempt from federal and state income tax. Short- and intermediate-term lending activities are conducted through a wholly-owned PCA subsidiary. The PCA subsidiary and the ACA holding company are subject to income tax. Legacy Ag Credit, ACA operates as a cooperative that qualifies for tax treatment under Subchapter T of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, under specified conditions, Legacy Ag Credit, ACA can exclude from taxable income amounts distributed as qualified patronage dividends in the form of cash, stock or allocated retained earnings. Provisions for income taxes are made only on those taxable earnings that will not be distributed as qualified patronage dividends. Deferred taxes are recorded at the tax effect of all temporary differences based on the assumption that such temporary differences are retained by the institution and will therefore impact future tax payments. A valuation allowance is provided against deferred tax assets to the extent that it is more likely than not (more than 50 percent probability), based on management's estimate, that they will not be realized.

NOTE 5 — FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS:

FASB guidance defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability. See Note 13 to the 2018 Annual Report to Stockholders for a more complete description.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis for each of the fair value hierarchy values are summarized below:

<u>September 30, 2019</u>	Fa	Fair Value Measurement Using					Total Fair		Total Gains	
	Lev	el 1	Lev	el 2	Leve	el 3		Value	(Los	ses)_
Assets:										
Loans*	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (6,	889)	\$	(6,889)	\$	-
Other property owned		-		-		-		-		-
<u>December 31, 2018</u>	F	air Val	ie Meas	sureme	nt Using	5	Total Fair Tota		Total	Gains
	Lev	el 1	Lev	el 2	Lev	el3		Value	_(Los	ses)
Assets:										
Loans*	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Other property owned		-		-	54	1,000		54,000		-

^{*}Represents the fair value of certain loans that were evaluated for impairment under authoritative guidance "Accounting by Creditors for Impairment of a Loan." The fair value was based upon the underlying collateral since these were collateral-dependent loans for which real estate is the collateral.

Information About Nonrecurring Level 3 Fair Value Measurements

With regard to nonrecurring measurements for impaired loans and other property owned, it is not practicable to provide specific information on inputs, as each collateral property is unique. System institutions utilize appraisals to value these loans and other property owned and take into account unobservable inputs, such as income and expense, comparable sales, replacement cost and comparability adjustments.

Valuation Techniques

As more fully discussed in Note 13 to the 2018 Annual Report to Stockholders, authoritative guidance establishes a fair value hierarchy, which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The following represent a brief summary of the valuation techniques used for the association's assets and liabilities. For a more complete description, see Notes to the 2018 Annual Report to Stockholders.

Loans Evaluated for Impairment

For certain loans evaluated for impairment under FASB impairment guidance, the fair value is based upon the underlying collateral since the loans are collateral-dependent loans for which real estate is the collateral. The fair value measurement process uses independent appraisals and other market-based information, but in many cases it also requires significant input based on management's knowledge of and judgment about current market conditions, specific issues relating to the collateral and other matters. As a result, a majority of these loans have fair value measurements that fall within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. When the value of the real estate, less estimated costs to sell, is less than the principal balance of the loan, a specific reserve is established. The fair value of these loans would fall under Level 2 of the hierarchy if the process uses independent appraisals and other market-based information.

Other Property Owned

Other property owned is generally classified as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The process for measuring the fair value of the other property owned involves the use of independent appraisals and other market-based information. Costs to sell represent transaction costs and are not included as a component of the asset's fair value. As a result, these fair value measurements fall within Level 3 of the hierarchy.

NOTE 6 — EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS:

The following table summarizes the components of net periodic benefit costs of nonpension other postretirement employee benefits for the three and nine months ended September 30:

Three months ended September 30:

	Other Benefits					
		2019	2018			
Service cost	\$	1,696	\$	2,066		
Interest cost		2,732		2,560		
Amortization of prior service (credits) costs		(391)		(1,536)		
Amortization of net actuarial (gain) loss		(606)		(155)		
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	3,431	\$	2,935		

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Nine months ended September 30:

	Other Benefits					
	2019			2018		
Service cost	\$	5,089	\$	6,199		
Interest cost		8,195		7,680		
Amortization of prior service (credits) costs		(1,174)		(4,609)		
Amortization of net actuarial (gain) loss		(1,817)		(467)		
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	10,293	\$	8,803		

The association's liability for the unfunded accumulated obligation for these benefits at September 30, 2019, was \$239,955 and is included in "Other Liabilities" in the balance sheet.

The components of net periodic benefit cost other than the service cost component are included in the line item "other components of net periodic postretirement benefit cost" in the income statement.

The structure of the district's defined benefit pension plan is characterized as multiemployer since the assets, liabilities and cost of the plan are not segregated or separately accounted for by participating employers (bank and associations). The association recognizes its amortized annual contributions to the plan as an expense. The association previously disclosed in its financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018, that it expected to contribute \$0 to the district's defined benefit pension plan in 2018. As of September 30, 2019, \$0 of contributions have been made.

NOTE 7 — COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES:

The association is involved in various legal proceedings in the normal course of business. In the opinion of legal counsel and management, there are no legal proceedings at this time that are likely to materially affect the association

NOTE 8 — SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

The association has evaluated subsequent events through November 6, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were issued. There are no other significant events requiring disclosure as of this date.